

TROPICAL UPDATE 9 AM EDT

Wednesday, September 12, 2018

Major Hurricane Florence, Hurricane Helene, Tropical Storm Isaac, Invest 95L (60%), Invest 96L (50%), & Bermuda Low (20%)

This update is intended for government and emergency response officials, and is provided for informational and situational awareness purposes only. Forecast conditions are subject to change based on a variety of environmental factors. For additional information, or for any life safety concerns with an active weather event please contact your County Emergency Management or Public Safety Office, local National Weather Service forecast office or visit the National Hurricane Center website at www.nhc.noaa.gov.

Atlantic Basin Satellite Image

09:00 12-SEP-2018 GMT Copyright © 1998-2018 WSI Corporation http://www.wsi.com



Steering Currents

KTS

A large and strong high pressure system in the western Atlantic (plus a developing high pressure system) near the Great Lakes) will steer Florence, Isaac, and 95L while an area of low pressure in the eastern Atlantic pulls Helene northward. The high over the Great Lakes will slowly move towards New England and 100 will be responsible for "blocking" Florence from moving too far inland after landfall and promoting a slow west or southwest movement in 3-5 days.



Wind Shear (shaded) and Wind Shear Tendencies (contoured)

A small pocket of wind shear is near Florence, but should not cause any significant weakening. Low shear near the Carolina coast will promote strengthening up until landfall. Isaac will encounter some pockets of low to moderate wind shear and may strengthen again before encountering higher shear in the central Caribbean. Helene will move into much higher wind shear this week, gradually weakening the system. 95L in the Gulf will experience some moderate wind shear in the southern Gulf of Mexico, but low shear near the Texas coast may allow it to develop just before moving inland.



Hurricane Florence Satellite Image



Florence will remain a major hurricane until it nears landfall. The track for Florence through the next 72 hours remains largely unchanged, but there is some considerable uncertainty and shifts in the track overnight. After Florence nears the coast, a slow drift west or southwest is possible. If the storms makes it inland before doing so, little change in expected impacts to Georgia and Florida is expected. If the system remains offshore while drifting to the southwest, it will remain more organized and could bring some direct impacts to Georgia and far Northeast Florida. Keep in mind that impacts often extend outside the cone.



📂 Earliest Reasonable Arrival Time of Tropical-Storm-Force Winds 🥻



The odds of sustained tropical storm force winds have increased for Northeast Florida. Odds in Nassau and coastal Duval County are now near 25% (1 in 4). Across interior Northeast Florida, odds are 10% (1 in 10), and less than 10% across the Big Bend. There continues to be no chance of hurricane force winds in Florida.



Hurricane Florence Advisory 052 Issued: 5:00 AM EDT Wed Sep 12

Norfolk Cape Fear to Cape Lookout, including the Neuse, Virginia Beach Pamlico, Pungo, and Bay Rivers...9-13 ft North Myrtle Beach to Cape Fear...6-9 ft Cape Lookout to Ocracoke Inlet...6-9 ft rham Rocky Mount South Santee River to North Myrtle Beach...4-6 ft Raleigh Ocracoke Inlet to North Carolina/Virginia Border...4-6 ft teville Edisto Beach to South Santee River...2-4 ft Jacksonvi Wilmington Columbia Au qus ta North Savannah Esri, HERE, Garmin, NGA, U Storm Surge Warning Storm Surge Watch



Rip Current Forecast Today



Forecast rainfall – Next 7 Days



10m Wind Gusts (kts) Max to Forecast Hour 132 hour forecast valid 12Z Mon, SEP 17, 2018 ECMWF Deterministic initialized 00Z Wed, SEP 12, 2018



A far southern track, where the center of Florence remains offshore and tracks inland through Central Georgia may result in sustained winds of 15-25 mph in Northeast Florida with gusts to 40 mph (tropical storm force) on Sunday and into Monday morning. Florida will remain on the dry side of the system so rainfall would be limited. While surf and tides will remain elevated, winds will be offshore helping to limit any storm surge.

eed: 134 kts (154 mph)

7Ó₩.

72W

Hurricane Helene Satellite Image





Tropical Storm Isaac Satellite Image





Tropical Storm ISAAC Model Track Guidance



Tropical Storm ISAAC Model Intensity Guidance







Five-Day Graphical Tropical Weather Outlook

1. 1. Cloudiness and showers associated with a trough of low pressure over the south-central Gulf of Mexico have decreased since yesterday. However, upper-level winds are forecast to become a little more conducive for development, and a tropical depression could still form Thursday or Friday before the system reaches the western Gulf Coast * Formation chance through 48 hours...medium...60%. * Formation chance through 5 days...medium...60%.
2. A non-tropical area of low pressure located several hundred miles west-southwest of the Azores is producing a large area of showers and thunderstorms and gale-force winds. This system could gradually acquire tropical or subtropical characteristics during the next couple of days while it meanders over the northeastern Atlantic Ocean. * Formation chance through 48 hours...medium...40 percent. * Formation chance through 5 days...medium...50 percent.
3. An area of low pressure is expected to develop near Bermuda late this weekend or early next week. Some gradual development is possible after that time while the system drifts westward over the western Atlantic. * Formation chance through 48 hours...low...near 0 percent. * Formation chance through 5 days...low...20 percent.



Invest 95L Satellite Image

GOES-16 Channel 13 (IR) Brightness Temperature (°C) at 09:28Z Sep 12, 2018



Track Models (95L)



Invest 95L Model Intensity Guidance

Initialized at 06z Sep 12 2018

Levi Cowan - tropicaltidbits.com



Invest 96L Satellite Image



40°N

Invest 96L is currently nontropical but is starting to acquire some tropical characteristics in the far North Atlantic.



Track Models (96L) Invest 96L Model Track Guidance Initialized at 06z Sep 12 2018 Levi Cowan - tropicaltidbits.com 65°N DO NOT USE THIS MAP TO MAKE DECISIONS! SEEK OFFICIAL INFO 60°N TABD 55°N 50°N TAB 120 45°N 96 Track models are confident on a 40°N ÷ 120 ÷ northeast trajectory toward the Azores 96 and Europe in the next 4-6 days. 35°N 120 TH 168 30°N 72 2.00 \$ 25°N 20°N

45°W 40°W 35°W 30°W 25°W 20°W 15°W 10°W 5°W 0°W

Invest 96L Model Intensity Guidance



Levi Cowan - tropicaltidbits.com



Summary

- At 8 AM EDT Wednesday, Hurricane Florence was located in the western Atlantic Ocean about 530 miles east-southeast of Cape Fear, North Carolina, or approximately 650 miles east of Jacksonville, Florida.
- Maximum sustained winds have decreased to 130 mph but Florence remains a Category 4 on the Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Wind Scale.
- Florence will largely maintain strength until landfall. Some additional intensity fluctuations are possible due to eyewall replacement cycles until landfall. These cycles also act to increase the size of the wind field of the storm.
- Currently, tropical storm force winds extend out 175 miles from the center and hurricane force winds 70 miles.
- Florence is moving fast to the west-northwest at 17 mph. This motion will continue through tomorrow before Florence decelerates along the NC coast Friday. Florence will then slowly drift west or southwest this weekend under very light steering currents.
- Landfall is likely near the NC/SC border sometimes Friday as a major hurricane. However, the system may drift southwest before making landfall. There is increased uncertainty in the track this weekend. Florence may linger across the Southeast into early next week.
- If the system drifts southwest while still over water, more wind impacts are likely to South Carolina and possibly Georgia and far Northeast Florida. Should the system make landfall and then drift southwest rapidly weakening, wind impacts will be little to none to GA and NE FL.
- Hurricane Hunters and NOAA research aircraft are investigating the system and the surrounding environment daily.
- At 5 AM EDT Wednesday, Hurricane Helene was located in the eastern Atlantic Ocean about 1,400 miles south of the Azores.
- Maximum sustained winds have decreased to 90 mph, making Helene a Category 1 on the Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Wind Scale.
- Helene will continue north and make a turn to the northeast, now moving quickly north-northwest at 13 mph.
- Wind shear is expected to increase on today and tomorrow and the system will move over cooler water temperatures resulting in a gradual weakening trend through the weekend in the open Atlantic.
- At 8 AM EDT Wednesday, Tropical Storm Isaac was located about 450 miles east of Martinique, or about 1,900 miles southeast of Miami, FL and moving west at 15 mph.
- This motion is expected to continue through the next five days and Isaac should move into the eastern Caribbean Sea on Thursday night.
- Maximum sustained winds have decreased to 60 mph. Little change in strength of the system is expected as it moves into the Caribbean. By this weekend, wind shear will increase and Isaac is forecast to dissipate by Sunday.
- Tropical storm force winds extend outward up to 105 miles from the center.
- Once in the western Caribbean early next week, models disagree on the eventual track and strength of the system. An eventual turn towards the north and reorganization of the system is still possible.
- The chance of tropical storm force winds in Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands has decreased and is now less than 10%. Increased rain chances on the islands can still be expected Thursday night and Friday as Isaac tracks south of the islands.

- A tropical wave, designated as invest 95L, is emerging into the Gulf of Mexico off the Yucatan Peninsula. While the system is less organized this morning, a tropical depression could still form Thursday or Friday near the Texas coast. The system has a 60% (medium) chance.
- Regardless of development, this system will bring increased rain chances to Texas and Louisiana later this week and into the weekend.
- A non-tropical area of low-pressure has developed in the NE Atlantic and is now designated Invest 96L. There is a 50% (medium) chance of it acquiring some tropical characteristics later this week, but this system poses no threat to the U.S as it meanders over the open waters.
- A low-pressure system is expected to develop near Bermuda later this week in the wake of Florence. This system will meander near Bermuda and has a 20% (low) chance of tropical development during the next five days.
- The next names on the list are Joyce and Kirk, or number 10 and 11 if first designated a Potential Tropical Cyclone or Tropical Depression.

Florida Outlook:

- Chances of direct impacts to Northeast Florida from Florence increased overnight. Northeast Florida should continue to monitor the track of Florence closely during the next few days as any further southward shift in the track could bring more impacts Sunday and Monday.
- The odds of seeing tropical storm force winds along the immediate coast of far Northeast Florida have increased to 25% (1 in 4). Odds across interior Northeast Florida are 1 in 10 (10%) and less than 10% across the Big Bend.
- Regardless of Florence's eventual track, large swells emanating from the storm will impacts portions of the Florida East Coast throughout this week, resulting in life-threatening rip currents. Increasing impacts include large breaking waves, erosion, and minor coastal flooding during high tide. The high rip current risk will continue through this weekend. Breaking waves at the beach will peak at 6-8' and as high as 12' offshore.
- A Coastal Flood Advisory is in effect through Friday for Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, and Flagler Counties. Minor coastal flooding at high tide will be possible. Tides along much of the east coast may run 1-1.5' above normal for the next few days.
- Hurricane Isaac should continue to be monitored over the next 5-10 days as it moves into the Caribbean, but is not a direct threat to Florida at this time. There is higher than usual uncertainty about track and intensity of Isaac once in the Caribbean.
- The tropical wave moving into the western Gulf of Mexico does not pose a direct threat to Florida at this time, but may increase the rip current risk in the western Panhandle today and tomorrow. Wave heights will be 1-3'.
- Hurricane Helene, Invest 96L in the far northeast Atlantic, and the developing low near Bermuda pose no threat to the U.S. or the Caribbean Islands at this time.

Another briefing packet will be issued this afternoon. For the latest information on the tropics, please visit the National Hurricane Center website at <u>www.hurricanes.gov.</u>



TROPICAL UPDATE

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