

TROPICAL UPDATE

9 AM EDT Friday, May 25, 2018 Invest Area 90L (90%)

This update is intended for government and emergency response officials, and is provided for informational and situational awareness purposes only. Forecast conditions are subject to change based on a variety of environmental factors. For additional information, or for any life safety concerns with an active weather event please contact your County Emergency Management or Public Safety Office, local National Weather Service forecast office or visit the National Hurricane Center website at www.nhc.noaa.gov.

Gulf of Mexico Satellite Image

NEXLAB-College of DuPo

Thunderstorms around 90L continue to increase in coverage and intensity, but is still displaced to the east of the center, which has moved southeast and off the eastern coast of the Yucatan Peninsula.

) 90L center

GOES-16 BAND 13 ("CLEAN" LONGWAVE INFRARED WINDOW) 2 0 KM | VALID 25 MAY 18 11:42:25 UT

Now that the center of 90L is over water, additional development is likely. However, regardless of name or classification, the main threat from this system will be heavy rainfall and flooding.

Chance of Development within 48 hours = 90%

Chance of Development Sunday-Wednesday = 90%



Steering Currents

8

Steering currents near 90L remain very weak, thus a continued slow northward movement is expected for the next few days followed by a northwest turn early next week as high pressure builds over the eastern seaboard.

KTS

100

70

50

30

20 15

10

Forecast Weather Map – This Weekend



Flash Flooding Possible (hatched)

90L will slowly move northward towards the northeastern Gulf Coast through Sunday, but showers and storms will spread well to the east of the center and affect much of Florida.

Showers and storms may begin to affect South Florida (mainly the Keys) today and spread northward into North and Central Florida throughout the day on Saturday.



Flash Flooding Possible (hatched)

Forecast Weather Map – This Weekend Monday

The system may slow down considerably or stall early week, prolonging the rain threat and increasing the chance of widespread flooding.

Wednesday

Tuesday

Showers and storms may will spread northward into South and Central Florida throughout the day on Saturday.









Base reflectivity (dBZ) 🕄

Valid for 05/27/2018, 04:00am CDT

27 29 31



21 23 25 59 62 66 70



Base reflectivity (dBZ) (

Valid for 05/28/2018, 01:00pm CDT





Current Wind Shear (shaded) and Shear Tendency (lines)



24

Current Sea Surface Temperatures



Invest 90L Model Intensity Guidance

Initialized at 06z May 25 2018



Rainfall Anomalies Over Past 14 Days



Many West Central Florida and some Panhandle rivers are now at above normal flow, meaning additional rainfall may cause flooding issues.

Jahahassee

National Water Model Streamflow Anomalies Above Normal

Flow

nsacola

Normal Flow

Below Normal Flow



Forecast Total Rainfall Accumulations for Fri.-Sat.



Forecast Total Rainfall Accumulations



Sunday

0.75

0.50

Monday-Tuesday

0.25 With the system expected to move very slowly near the coast, additional heavy
 0.10 rainfall will remain a possibility possibly into the middle of next week. There is also a
 0.01 possibility of a large rain band extending well east of the center and could impact the Peninsula even with the center of the system near the western Panhandle.



- Since soils are already saturated, any additional heavy rain (generally 3-4" in 3 hours, 5-6" in 6 hours or 6-8" in 12 hours) will cause flash flooding issues.
- Lower amounts, or
 3-6" over a longer
 time period can still
 cause flooding of
 roads and low-lying
 areas.

Excessive Rain Outlook – Risk for Flash Flooding



Forecast Total Rainfall Accumulations for next 7 Days

7-Day Precipitation (in) Ending Friday, Jun. 1, 2018 at 8 a.m. EDT

Init: Fri 2018-05-25 12z WPC

EXACT RAINFALL AMOUNTS WILL DEPEND ON THE STRUCTURE AND TRACK OF 90L, WHICH COULD BE HIGHER OR LOWER THAN WHAT IS SHOWN. At this time, widespread average rainfall amounts of 3-6" inches are possible statewide, with isolated higher totals of 7 to 13 inches possible over portions of the Panhandle and South Florida. This should result in street flooding and river flooding, especially in areas where several storms repeatedly move over the same area.



Coastal and Flash Flood Watches Issued for Western Panhandle

Coastal Flood Watch Flash Flood Watch

Current River Status Overlayed with Forecast Rainfall Over Next 7 Days



Current River Status Overlayed with Forecast Rainfall Over Next 7 Days





- Major Flooding
- Moderate Flooding
- Minor Flooding
- O Near
- action
- No Flooding
- Flood Category Not Defined
- At or Below Low Water Threshold
- Observations Are Not Current
- Out of Service
- No rivers currently in flood stage, but a few are elevated



7 Day Chance of River Flooding

In addition to the flash flooding potential, minor to moderate flooding on area rivers will be possible, but this will ultimately be dependent on where the heaviest rain falls. The areas for concern are currently in West Central Florida, the Florida Panhandle, and the Santa Fe River basin and Paynes Prairie State Park.

Summary

- The low pressure area (Invest 90L) continues to become better defined and organized and the center of circulation is now located back over water near the east coast of the Yucatan Peninsula.
- Additional development is expected today and tomorrow, and environmental conditions are forecast to become more conducive for development in the Gulf of Mexico over the weekend and early next week.
- As a result, the National Hurricane Center is now predicting a 90% (high) chance of 90L becoming a tropical depression or storm within the next 48 hours (by Saturday evening), and a 90% (high) chance of becoming a tropical cyclone within the next 3-5 days.
- Although computer models are getting into better agreement on track, there is still a fair amount of uncertainty with regard to the intensity and timing of the system. Most models are predicting 90L could become a tropical depression or storm within the next 2 days. While a moderate tropical storm is currently the more likely scenario, a strong tropical storm or minimal hurricane cannot be ruled out, especially if the system moves very slowly.
- Computer models today have slowed from previous runs and now predict landfall not occurring until Monday or Tuesday.
- Additionally, many models predict that once the system reaches the coast, it could linger over the region into the middle part of next week, increasing the rainfall totals and threat for flooding.
- Hurricane Hunter reconnaissance aircraft is scheduled to investigate the system this afternoon to determine structure and intensity of the system. The first name on the 2018 Atlantic Storm name list is Alberto.

Florida Outlook:

- Regardless of track or intensity, this system will result in a multi-day widespread rainfall event that may impact a large portion of Florida, mainly Friday-Monday across the southern half of the state and Sunday through at least next Tuesday for North Florida and portions of Central Florida.
- A Flash Flood Watch and Coastal Flood Watch is currently in effect for the western Panhandle. Additional Flood Watches, Flash Flood Watches, Coastal Flood Watches and High Surf Advisories may be issued today or tomorrow.
- Widespread rainfall amounts of 3-6" are expected statewide, with locally higher amounts of 7-12+" possible, especially for the Florida Panhandle, West Coast of Florida and South Florida.
- River flooding will also be a concern for portions of the state, especially in West Central Florida, North-Central Florida and the Florida Panhandle/Big Bend.
- Increased wave heights are also expected along the Panhandle and East Coast and will lead to a high risk of rip currents for the holiday weekend.
- Storm surge will create minor coastal flooding along the Panhandle and Big Bend coast during times of high tide (mainly on Sunday).
- The wind and tornado threat will depend on how this system evolves and more information will be available in the coming days.

Another briefing packet will be issued Friday afternoon. For more information on this system visit the NHC website at www.nhc.noaa.gov



TROPICAL UPDATE

Created by:

Amy Godsey, Chief State Meteorologist amy.godsey@em.myflorida.com

State Meteorological Support Unit Florida Division of Emergency Management

Users wishing to subscribe (approval pending) to this distribution list, register

at <u>https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/FLDEM/subscriber/new?topic_id=SERT_Met_</u> <u>Tropics</u>.

Other reports available for subscription are available at

https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/FLDEM/subscriber/new?preferences=true