

TROPICAL UPDATE 8 AM EDT Friday, June 3, 2016

This update is intended for government and emergency response officials, and is provided for informational and situational awareness purposes only. Forecast conditions are subject to change based on a variety of environmental factors. For additional information, or for any life safety concerns with an active weather event please contact your County Emergency Management or Public Safety Office, local National Weather Service forecast office or visit the National Hurricane Center website at www.nhc.noaa.gov.

Atlantic Basin Satellite Image





Two-Day Graphical Tropical Weather Outlook

National Hurricane Center Miami, Florida





Current Disturbances and Two-Day Cyclone Formation Chance: 🗱 < 40% 🗱 40-60% 🗰 > 60% Tropical or Sub-Tropical Cyclone: O Depression 🥑 Storm ∮ Hurricane ⊗ Post-Tropical Cyclone × Remnants



Five-Day Graphical Tropical Weather Outlook

National Hurricane Center Miami, Florida





Tropical Cyclone Formation Potential for the Five-Day Period Ending at 8:00 am EDT Wed Jun 8 2016 Chance of Cyclone Formation in Five Days: Low < 40% Medium 40-60% High > 60% X indicates current disturbance location; shading indicates potential formation area.



GOES-EAST RGB IMAGE [CH1,CH1,CH4] - JUN 3 16 11:45 UTC

Surface Weather Map

10:30 03-JUN-2016 GMT @Copyright WSI Corporation http://www.wsi.com

U.S. SURFACE ANALYSIS w/ Radar and IR Sat

VALID AT 0900 UTC 03 Jun 16



UPDATED 10:37 UTC 03 Jun 16

UPDATED EVERY 3 HOURS

Steering Currents



CIMSS ENV STEERING PRODUCT: 500-850 HPA LAYER (FOR TC MSLP RANGE: 990-999 HPA) 0900 UTC 03JUN16

Northern Atlantic Sea Surface Temperature



Current Wind Shear (shaded) and Shear Tendency (lines)



NOAA Weather Forecast Maps



Global Model Output

Sunday Night



Global Model Output

Monday Night





Forecast Wave Heights (feet) – Monday



Forecast Wave Heights (feet) – Tuesday



Wave Height(ft) Ending Tue Jun 07 2016 8AM EDT Wave Height(ft) Ending Tue Jun 07 2016 2PM EDT

Forecast Total Rainfall Accumulations for next 5 Days





Summary

Summary:

- An area of showers and thunderstorms over the western Caribbean Sea is currently being monitored for possible tropical development.
- This system is moving west-northwestward toward the Yucatan Peninsula of Mexico, and a low pressure area is expected to form over the Yucatan or the adjacent waters by late Sunday evening.
- This low could develop into a tropical cyclone as it moves into the southeastern Gulf of Mexico early next week.
- As a result, the National Hurricane Center is predicting a 10% (low) chance of cyclone formation within the next 48 hours, but a 60% (medium) chance of development within the next 2-5 days.
- The full suite of computer models have not been run on this system, but global models have a fair degree of confidence of a Florida impact Monday night into Tuesday. However, there is still a good deal of uncertainty in regards to the potential strength of this system.
- A Hurricane Hunter reconnaissance mission into the system is tentatively scheduled for Sunday afternoon.
- The next name on the 2016 Atlantic storm name list is Colin.
- Elsewhere, Tropical Depression Bonnie is located 130 miles east of Cape Hatteras, North Carolina and moving east-northeast at 8mph. Bonnie is expected to become post-tropical again this weekend while moving further away from the U.S. coast.

Florida Outlook:

- Regardless of development, this system is expected to move quickly across the eastern Gulf. As a result, initial impacts could begin as soon as Monday.
- The main impact will be heavy rain as a result of this system interacting with a stalled cold front over North Florida. Rainfall amounts from Sunday to Wednesday could reach 3-6" across much of Central and South Florida, with isolated higher totals of 8-12" possible near the I-4 corridor.
- Severe weather including isolated tornadoes or waterspouts is possible across North Florida on Sunday as a result of the incoming frontal system, with additional severe weather possible on Monday or Tuesday across portions of Central and South Florida as wind shear increases as the storm approaches.
- In addition, increased wave heights are expected along the Gulf Coast beginning Monday, leading to an elevated risk of rip currents and minor coastal erosion.

Another briefing packet will be issued this afternoon. For more information on this system visit the NHC website at <u>www.nhc.noaa.gov</u>



TROPICAL UPDATE

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