

## **FECA's Florida Legislative Report February 24, 2023**

The official start of the 2023 Legislative Session will be Tuesday, March 7, 2023. This week was the sixth, and final scheduled committee week before the start of session. Legislators will take next week off and return to their respective districts. Session lasts a total of 60 days and is scheduled to end on May 5, 2023.

A total of 1,168 bills have been filed at this point for the 2023 regular session. The opening day of session is the last day for members to file bills. This week, final presentations of the Governor's recommended budget were reviewed by the respective committees of jurisdiction. These recommendations provide a blueprint for the legislature to consider as both the House and Senate begin crafting the 2023/2024 appropriations act. The only constitutional requirement of the legislature is to pass a budget.

FECA presented to The House Select Committee on Hurricane Resiliency & Recovery on the electric cooperatives' restoration efforts after Hurricane Ian. The presentation was well received by members of the committee. FP&L, Duke, TECO, Comcast, and AT&T presented as well. We anticipate the Senate Select Committee on Resiliency to request a similar overview at a later date.

([Follow this link to view the Committee presentation](#), FECA begins at 1:28)

Some of the issues that will be considered in session are: 1) legislation addressing the right to carry a concealed weapon without a permit; 2) electric vehicles and charging station infrastructure; tort reform, workforce housing; school choice; and government and corporate activism. In addition, we expect that another tax break package will be implemented.

As a follow-up to the filing of SB 626, relating to rural electric cooperatives by Senator Nick DiCeglie, Senate leadership encouraged us to offer compromise language. Statewide drafted language (see attached) that was provided the key stakeholders and legislators for their review. To reiterate, the bill, as originally filed, would have opened up our enabling statute, Chapter 425, to allow co-ops to provide communication services (i.e., broadband), and it would have expanded the PSC's pole attachment jurisdiction to electric cooperatives that provide broadband. The bill has been referred to Regulated Industries, Commerce & Tourism, and Rules committees. Currently there is no House companion bill but we expect one to be filed shortly.

Below are bills of interest filed thus far. Moving forward each week, the report will prioritize in the following manner: new legislation filed, priority, monitor, and tracking. Any new activities will be highlighted in **RED**. If you would like more detailed information or an explanation of any legislation or why it is located in a specific area, please do not hesitate to reach out to Drew or Mike.

## **NEW LEGISLATION FILED**

### **Government and Corporate Activism**

(SB\_\_ / HB 3)

**Sponsors:** Sen. \_\_ / Rep. Rommel

**Summary:**

The bill eliminates environmental, social and governance factors in state investments and prohibits banks from using “unsafe and unsound practices” to deny services based on an individual’s political, religious, or business sector opinions. It prevents the financial institutions from considering “social credit scores” in determining an individual’s ability to obtain loans, lines of credit, and bank accounts.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB\_\_:

HB 3:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

### **State Renewable Energy Goals**

SB 970 / HB 957

**Sponsors:** Sen. Berman / Rep. Eskamani

**Summary:**

The bill modifies the definition of “renewable energy” to exclude energy produced using high quality synthetic gas produced from waste petroleum coke with CO2 capture and sequestration. In addition, the bill would prohibit the drilling or exploration of, or production or transportation of, oil, gas, or other petroleum products on the land and waters of the state. The Office of Energy would be directed to develop a plan to have 100% of the state’s energy generated from renewable resources by 2050. The bill would create the Renewable Energy Workforce Development Advisory Committee consisting of 13 members appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture. The committee would make recommendations to promote employment growth and access to jobs in the energy efficiency and renewable energy industry. A report of the committee’s findings would be presented to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House by January 1, 2024 and each January 1 thereafter.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 970:

HB 957:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL (The bill is not expected to move. If the bill gains traction, staff will recommend opposing it)**

### **New Nuclear Energy**

SM\_\_ / HM 1137

**Sponsors:** Sen. \_\_ / Rep. Overdorf

**Summary:**

The memorial urges the President and Congress of the United States to take action to adjust regulatory policy as necessary to allow states the ability to conduct feasibility studies on reclamation and repurposing of spent nuclear fuel for new nuclear energy generation.

**Committee assignments:**

SM\_\_:

HM 1137:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: SUPPORT**

## **Carbon Sequestration**

SB\_\_ / HB 1149

**Sponsors:** Sen.\_\_ / Rep. Massullo

### **Summary:**

The bill directs the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to conduct a study on carbon sequestration activities and programs. The study must include a comprehensive list of existing state agency carbon sequestration activities and programs available to agriculture producers in the state; recommendations for a state level exchange program to assist agriculture producers in participating in carbon sequestration activities; and legislative recommendations for the creation of a carbon sequestration program. It requires the Department to submit a report on the results of the study to the Senate President and Speaker of the House by October 1, 2023.

### **Committee Assignments:**

SB\_\_:

HB 1149:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

## **Drones**

SB 1068 / HB 1071

**Sponsors:** Sen. Collins / Rep. Duggan

### **Summary:**

The bill defines “drone delivery service” as a person engaged in a business or profession of delivering goods via drone. It further defines a “drone port” as any area of nonresidential land or water used, or intended for use, for the landing and takeoff of drones. The bill provides that a political subdivision may not withhold issuance of a business tax receipt or enact or enforce an ordinance that prohibits a drone delivery service’s operation based on the location of the service’s port.

### **Committee Assignments:**

SB 1068:

HB 1071:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**PRIORITY**

## **Rural Electric Cooperatives**

(SB 626 / HB\_\_)

**Sponsors:** Sen. DiCeglie / Rep.\_\_

### **Summary:**

The bill would open up our enabling statute, Chapter 425, to include the express power to provide communication provision (i.e., broadband). All poles owned by a cooperative that provides broadband service directly, in a partnership with a third party, or receives broadband grant funding from any federal

or state program, which expands broadband internet service to unserved areas of the state, would be regulated by the PSC under Chapter 366.04(8) as an investor-owned utility.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 626: Regulated Industries; Commerce & Tourism; Rules

HB\_\_\_:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: OPPOSE**

**MONITOR**

**Unmanned Aircraft Systems Act**

(SB 908 / HB 645)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Rodriguez / Rep. Brackett

**Summary:**

The bill deletes a provision requiring a person or government entity, seeking to restrict or limit the use of drones in close proximity to owned infrastructure or facilities, from having to apply to the Federal Aviation Administration for the designation.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 908:

HB 645: Transportation & Models; Criminal Justice; Infrastructure Strategies

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**Trees and Other Vegetation within Rights-of-way**

(SB 108 / HB 55)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Rodriguez/Rep. Garcia

**Summary:**

The bill provides that the current prohibition against the removal, cutting, marring, defacing or destruction of trees or other vegetation within the rights-of-way of roads of the state highway system does not apply if the Department of Transportation (DOT) suspends the prohibition due to a declared state of emergency. It requires DOT to adopt guidelines related to the removal process for debris from an emergency that is subject to an emergency declaration such as a hurricane or tropical storm.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 108: **Transportation - Passed**; Community Affairs; Rules

HB 55: Transportation & Modals; Constitutional Rights, Rule of Law & Government Operations; Infrastructure Strategies

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: SUPPORT**

**Energy Equity Task Force**

(SB 680 / HB 293)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Davis / Rep. Hinson

**Summary:**

This bill would create the Energy Equity Task Force who would provide recommendations to Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for fostering a fair and equitable transition of the state's energy infrastructure to renewable technologies within minority, underserved, rural and low-

income communities. The task force would consist of a minimum of 11 members reflecting ethnic and gender diversity of the state. The Commissioner of Agriculture will appoint: 1) four representatives from minority, underserved, rural or low-income communities from different regions of the state; 2) at least one environmental justice expert; 3) at least one representative from the electrical workers profession; 4) at least two energy industry liaisons representing utility and solar energy interests; 5) at least one representative from a statewide environmentally focused group; 6) one appointed by the President of the Senate and one Speaker of the House. The task force must recommend policies for the equitable siting of energy infrastructure throughout the state including siting of utility-scale and industrial solar arrays. In addition, the taskforce must examine strategies to assist minority underserved, rural and low-income communities in transitioning to energy efficiency programs. The task force would be required to present a report to the Governor, Commissioner of Agriculture, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House by September 30, 2024.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 680: Regulated Industries; Agriculture, Environment & General Government Appropriations; Fiscal Policy

HB 293: Energy, Communications & Cyber Security; Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations; Commerce

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**Renewable Energy Cost Recovery**

(SB 1162/ HB 821)

**Sponsors:**

Sen. DiCeglie / Rep. Yeager

**Summary:**

The bill authorizes an IOU to recover in rates prudently incurred renewable natural gas and hydrogen fuel infrastructure project costs through the proper PSC cost-recovery procedure.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 1162:

HB 821: Energy, Communications & Cyber Security; Administration & Technology Appropriations; Commerce

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**TRACKING**

**United States – Produced Iron and Steel in Public Works Projects**

(SB 304 / HB\_\_)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Boyd / Rep. \_\_

**Summary:**

This bill provides that a governmental entity entering into a contract for a public works project or for the purchase of materials for a public works project must include in such contract a requirement that any iron or steel product used in or purchased for the project must be produced in the United States. Exemptions from this requirement include: 1) sufficient quantities or satisfactory quality of the iron or steel products needed are not produced in the United States; 2) the cost to use products produced in

the U.S. would increase the total cost of the project by more than 20 percent; and 3) compliance is inconsistent with public interest.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 304: Government Oversight & Accountability; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment & General Government; Fiscal Policy

HB\_\_:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**Requiring Broader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions**

(SJR\_\_ / HJR 129)

**Sponsors:** Sen. \_\_ / Rep. Roth

**Summary:**

This joint resolution would propose a constitutional amendment to increase the percentage of elector votes required to approve an amendment to the State Constitution from 60 percent to 66.67 percent. The repeal of an amendment or revision need only be approved by the same percentage elector votes as required at the time of passage of amendment or revision.

**Committee Assignments:**

SJR\_\_:

HJR 129: **Ethics, Elections & Open Government - Passed**; Judiciary; State Affairs

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**Energy**

(SB 284 / HB 1025)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Brodeur/Rep. Caruso

**Summary:**

The bill revises the selection criteria for purchasing or leasing vehicles for a state agency, universities, community colleges, and local governments under the state purchasing plan. It removes the provision requiring the use and procurement of ethanol and biodiesel blended fuels and requires the Department of Management Services, before July 1, 2024, to make recommendations to all state agencies, universities, community colleges, and local governments regarding the procurement of electric and natural gas fuel vehicles and best practices for integrating these vehicles into existing fleets.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 284: **Governmental Oversight & Accountability - Passed**; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment & General Government; Fiscal Policy

HB 1025:

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**

**Florida Hometown Hero Housing Program**

(SB 772 / HB 771)

**Sponsors:** Sen. Davis / Rep. Nixon

**Summary:**

The bill creates a housing program, to be administered by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, authorizing the corporation to underwrite and make loans to frontline emergency workers, certain

medical and health personnel, and educators to purchase a primary residence home. A purchaser may reduce the amount of the down payment and closing cost they pay by a maximum of 5% of the first mortgage loan or \$25,000, whichever is less. The loans must be available at a 0% interest rate. This is available to persons or families with incomes not exceeding 150% of the state or local medium income, whichever is greater. Eligible borrowers would include electric lineman, or an employee of a public utility or an electric utility whose primary job responsibilities are to install and/or maintain systems for the utility as well as other emergency workers.

**Committee Assignments:**

SB 772: Community Affairs; Transportation, Tourism, Economic Development Appropriations; Appropriations

HB 771: Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts; Infrastructure & Tourism Appropriations; State Affairs

**ACTION RECOMMENDED: NEUTRAL**